

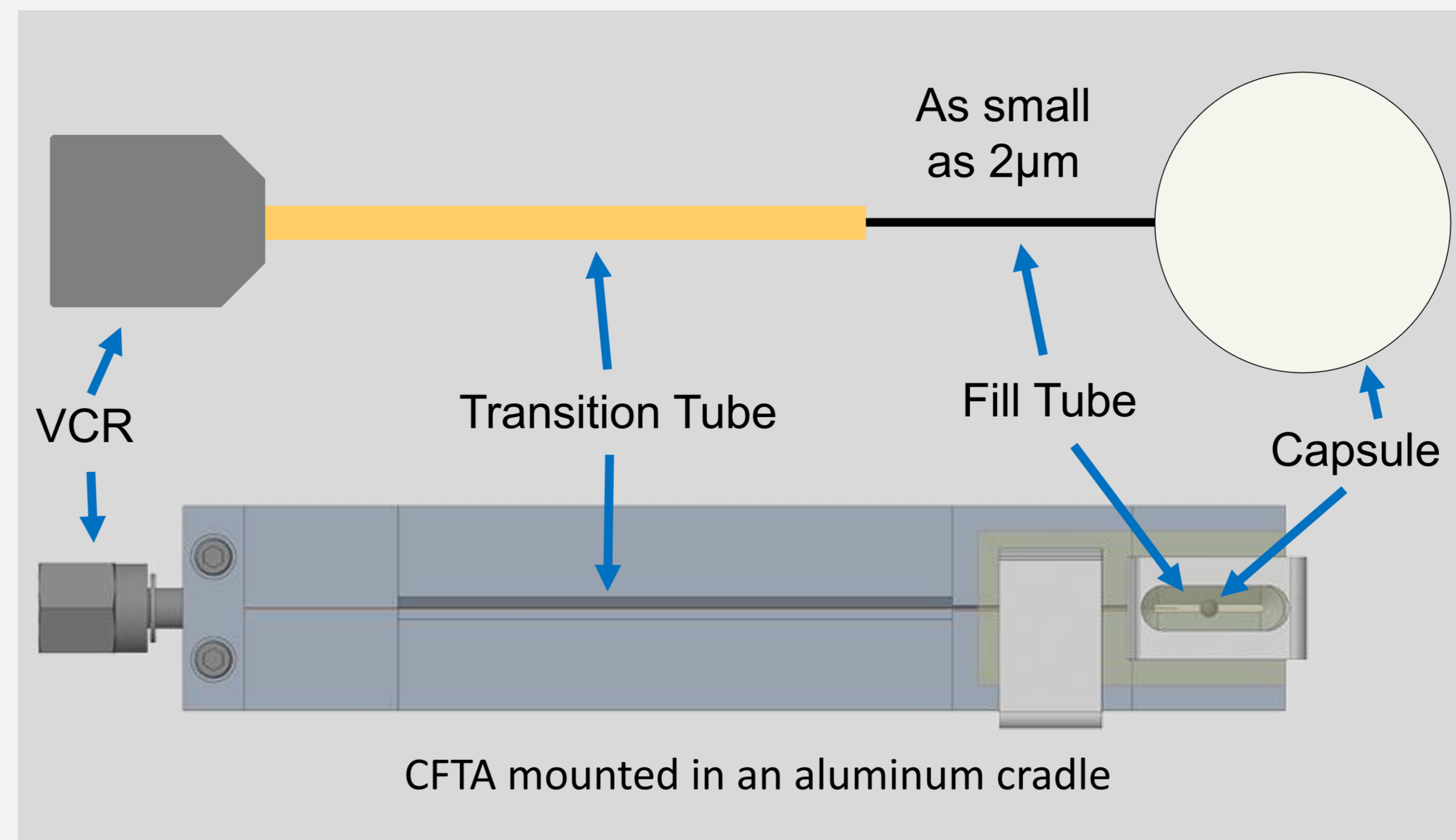
# Long Distance Transport Analysis for an Ignition Experiment Capsule Fill Tube Assembly (CFTA)

Connor Clary<sup>1</sup>, (Salmaan Baxamusa)<sup>2</sup>, (Jay Crippen)<sup>3</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL), <sup>2</sup>General Atomics (GA)

## Capsule Fill Tube Assembly Scheduled Shipping

### Motivation

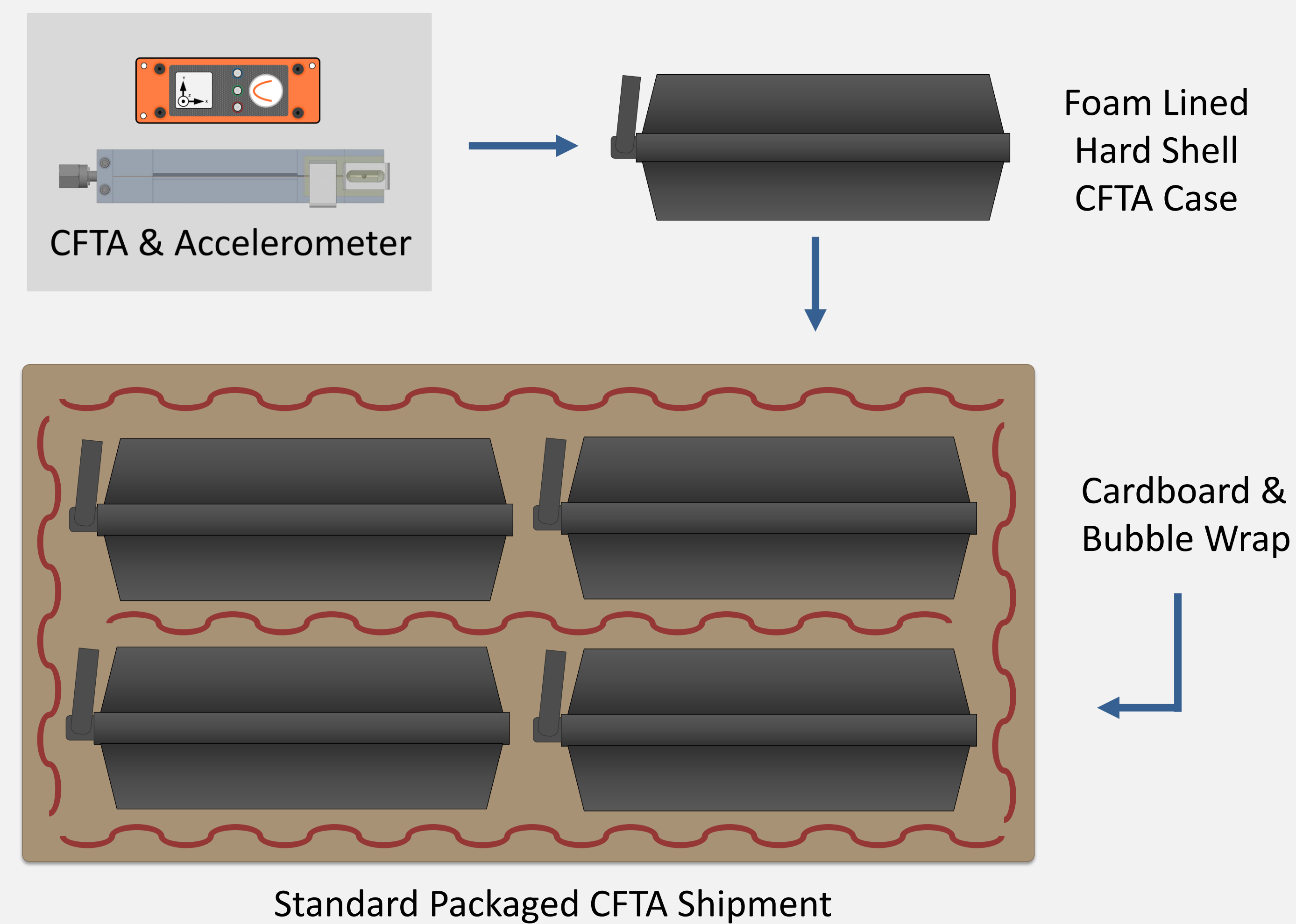
- The CFTA is the heart of an ignition target and a CFTAs survival from one facility to another is critical.



- Failures during redundant incoming inspection
- Identify the largest risk factors during CFTA transport to inform procedure and mitigate these factors.

Ensuring CFTA survival is critical to the mission of the National Ignition Facility

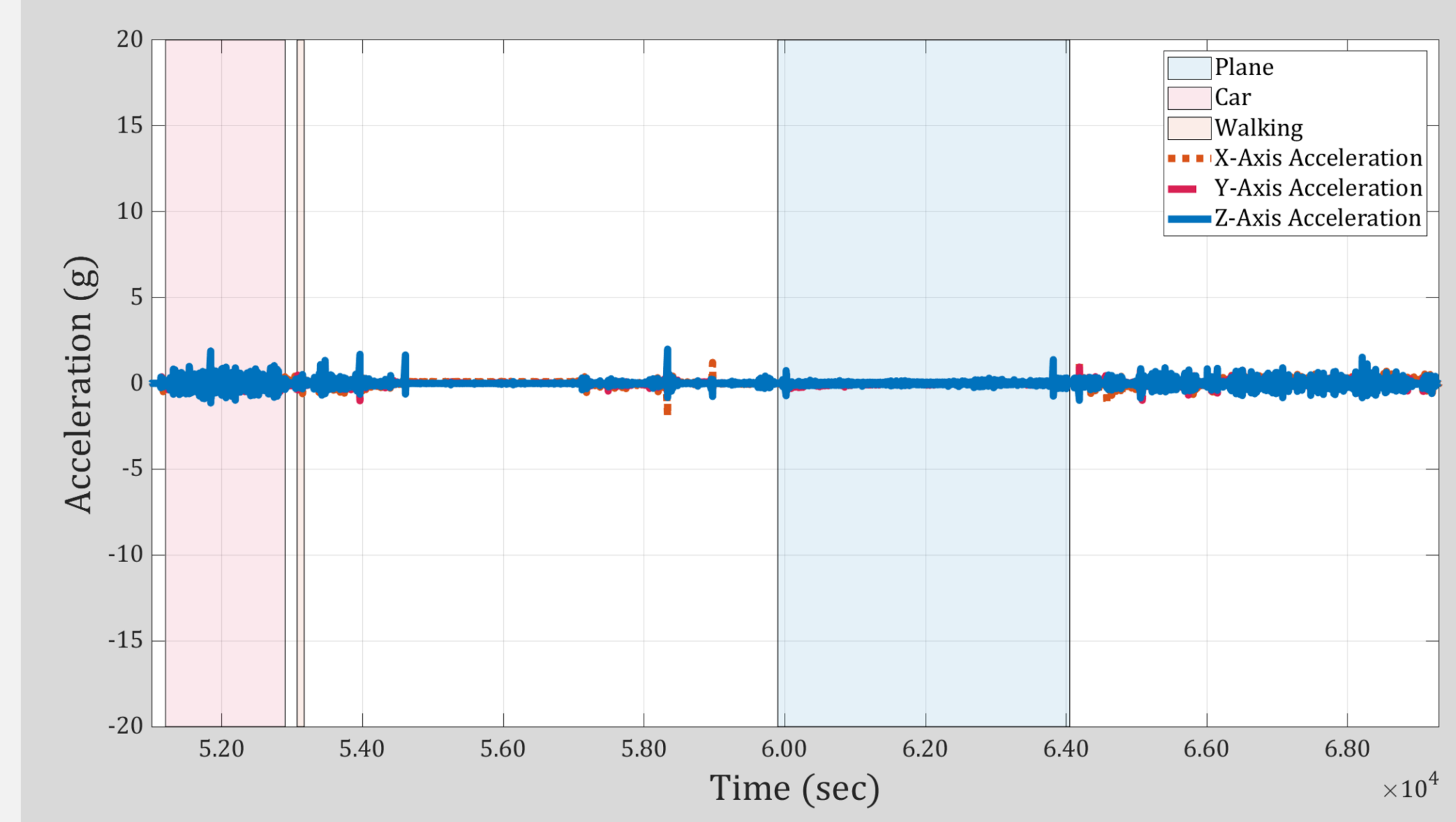
### CTFAs and Accelerometer Packaging (1kHz Sampling Rate)



Analysis needed to rule out transport as a root cause of failure

## Standard CFTA Transport Process

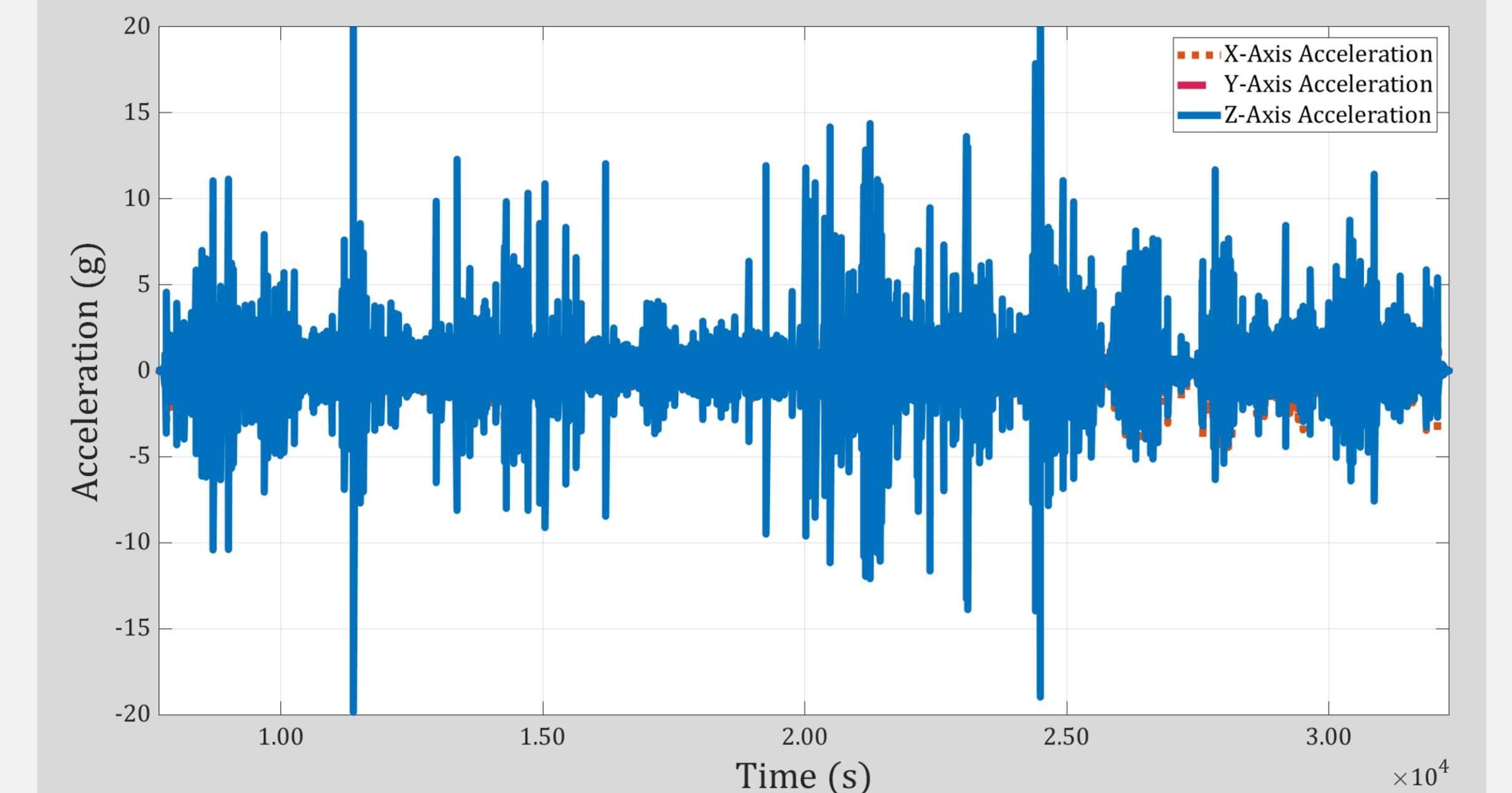
### CFTA Transport – San Diego to Livermore



- Transport for CFTAs includes:
  - Walking
  - Driving
  - Flight
- Concerns
  - TSA handling
  - Plane take-off and landing
  - Courier handling

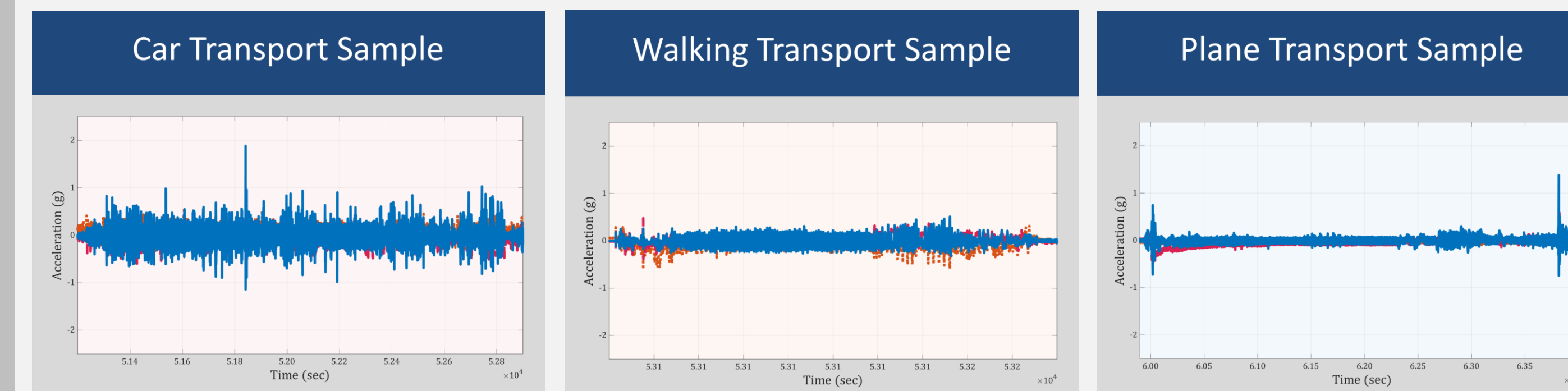
## Alternative Shipment Mode

### Direct Land Shipping – 30g Impact Events



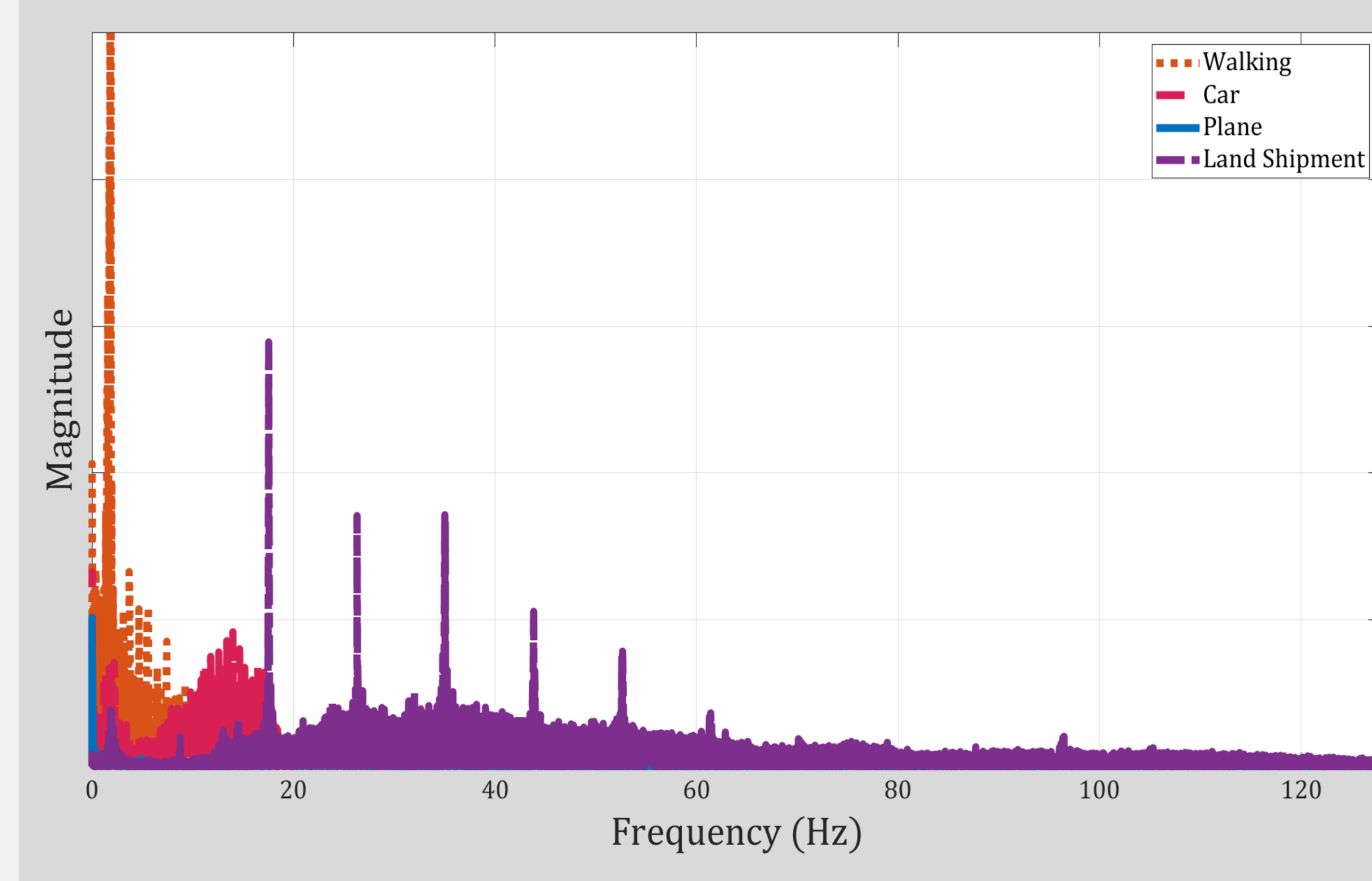
- Shipped through commercial land transport designed for fragile materials
  - Standard CFTA package placed in a foam lined container, palletized in a 52ft trailer

## Transport Data Analysis



- FFT on modes of transport identifies prominent frequencies
- Resulting frequency spectrum doesn't provide insight to damage

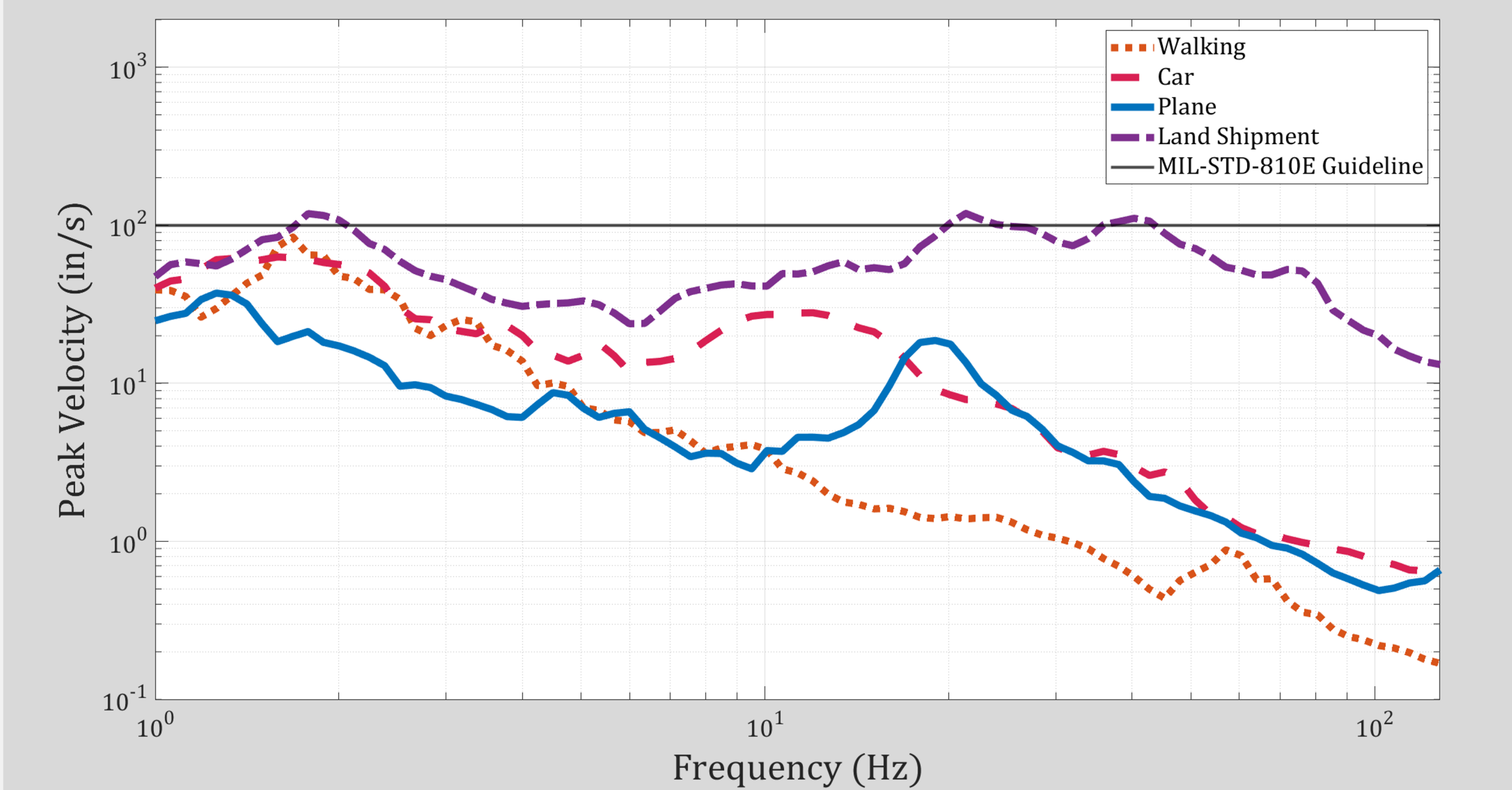
### Z-Axis Frequency Spectrum by Transport Mode



Velocity determines energy which informs failure risk

## Conclusion and Future Work

### Z-Axis Pseudo Velocity by Transport Mode



- Pseudo velocity describes the peak velocity of a system with applied signal and modal frequency
- Potential damage to the current CFTA shipment is limited by the energy imparted by walking

Current transport method does not pose risk to CFTA integrity under available metrics

### Future Work

- Determine if MIL-STD-810E guideline of 100 in./sec. is an appropriate metric for an ignition CFTA
- Investigate the natural frequencies of a CFTA as packaged for shipment
- Evaluate current CFTA packaging for improvements that mitigate frequencies